MontBioeco – Synthesis on bioeconomy monitoring systems in the <u>EU Member States</u>

indicators for monitoring the progress of bioeconomy

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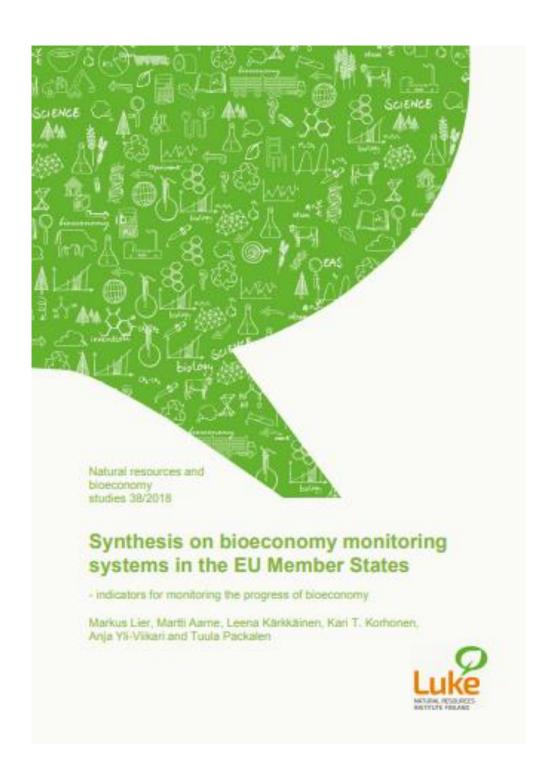




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Synthesis on bioeconomy monitoring systems in the EU Member States – indicators for monitoring the progress of bioeconomy. Natural resources and bioeconomy studies 38/2018. 44 p. Natural Resources Institute Finland, Helsinki 2018. Read the full report under this LINK http://jukuri.luke.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/542249/luke-

<u>luobio 38 2018.pdf?sequence=5&isAllowed=y</u>

1. BACKGROUND MONTBIOECO

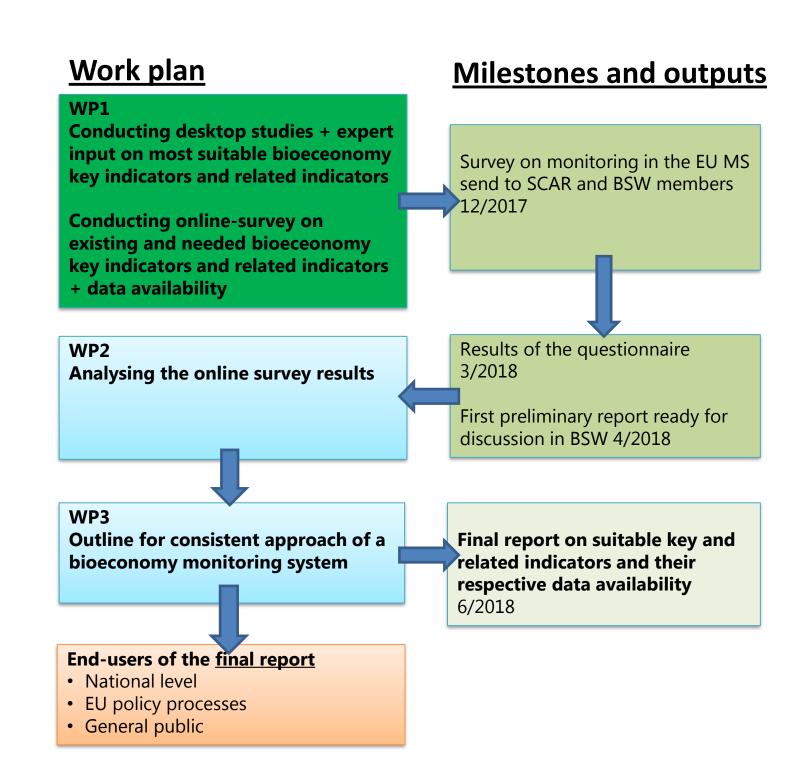
Pressure

- EC "will implement an EU-wide, internationally <u>coherent monitoring system</u> (Action 3.2) to track the <u>progress towards a sustainable, circular bioeconomy in Europe and to underpin related policy areas.</u> Knowledge gained will be used to provide voluntary guidance for operating the bioeconomy within safe ecological limits (Action 3.3)" (EU Updated Bioeconomy Strategy 2018)
- "The <u>data and information</u> generated in these actions will be made publicly available through the <u>Knowledge Centre for Bioeconomy</u>" (EU Updated Bioeconomy Strategy 2018)
- main drivers for transition towards a bioeconomy often vary between EU MS on country-specific economic and ecological settings, legal framework, and social demands; the national or regional bioeconomy strategies vary in their goals and measures
- no commonly agreed set of indicators to measure the bioeconomy

2. MONTBIOECO - AIMS, WORK PLAN AND OUTPUT

Response

- overview on country-specific bioeconomy settings
- screening and comparing different approaches within EU MS to monitor the progress in bioeconomy
- an outline of the most suitable key indicators and related indicators towards a common set of indicators



3. RESULTS: Existing bioeconomy strategies/policies and/or related initiatives, existing monitoring activities and sectors included in a bioeconomy at national level (updated)

| | Finland | Estonia | Spain | Italy | France | Latvia | Germany | Denmark | Netherlands | UK | Slovakia |
|--|---------|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|------|----------|
| Bioeconomy strategy, policy and/or related initiatives (++), under development (+) | ++ | + | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | ++ |
| Indicators to monitor and assess bioeconomy strategy, policy and/or related initiatives (++), under development (+), currently not under development (-) | ++ | - | ++ | ++ | + | ++ | + | - | + | + | - |
| Land cover as % of total land area | Finland | Estonia | Spain | Italy | France | Latvia | Germany | Denmark | Netherlands | UK | Slovakia |
| Agricultural area including grassland | 8,6 | 32,5 | 53,6 | 56,9 | 61,4 | 41,8 | 57,6 | 76,7 | 65,8 | 62,2 | 48,0 |
| Forest area | 71,3 | 55,7 | 27,0 | 29,9 | 28,4 | 51,5 | 31,0 | 11,0 | 8,4 | 9,7 | 44,8 |
| Artificial area* | 1,4 | 2,2 | 2,6 | 5,3 | 5,6 | 2,0 | 9,4 | 7,6 | 14,2 | 8,4 | 5,9 |
| Sea and inland waters | 8,2 | 4,8 | 0,8 | 1,1 | 0,9 | 2,0 | 1,3 | 2,2 | 8,9 | 1,4 | 0,7 |
| Other | 10,5 | 4,8 | 16,0 | 6,8 | 3,7 | 2,7 | 0,7 | 2,5 | 2,7 | 18,3 | 0,6 |
| Bioeconomy industries and activities | Finland | Estonia | Spain | Italy | France | Latvia | Germany | Denmark | Netherlands | UK | Slovakia |
| Agriculture | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ |
| Food industry | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ |
| Forestry | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ |
| Aquaculture | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | ++ | + |
| Fisheries | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | + | + |
| Pulp and paper industry | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | - | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | + |
| Wood products industry | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | ++ | + |
| Renewable energy | ++ | ++ | ++ | ++ | + | ++ | + | + | ++ | + | ++ |
| Chemical industry | ++ | + | ++ | ++ | + | + | + | + | + | ++ | + |
| Hunting | ++ | ++ | - | - | - | ++ | + | + | - | - | + |
| Pharmaceutical industry | ++ | + | + | ++ | + | + | + | + | ++ | ++ | + |
| Water purification and distribution | ++ | - | + | + | + | ++ | + | + | ++ | + | + |
| ransportation of bio-based raw materials and products | ++ | ++ | ++ | - | ++ | - | + | + | + | + | - |
| Nature tourism, green care and recreation | ++ | ++ | + | - | + | + | - | + | - | - | - |
| Construction | ++ | | + | | + | | | + | | | |

Table: Existing bioeconomy strategy, policy and/or related initiatives. Existing indicators to monitor and assess bioeconomy strategy, policy and/or related initiatives. Results on industries and activities according to the European Classification of Economic Activities (NACE, Rev. 2) (included="++"/ partly included = "+" /not included ="-") in the bioeconomy sector at national level. Source: Lier et al. 2018. Synthesis on bioeconomy monitoring systems in the EU Member States – indicators for monitoring the progress of bioeconomy. Natural resources and bioeconomy studies 38/2018. 44 p. Natural Resources Institute Finland, Helsinki 2018. Data for Land cover as % of total land area: EC (2017) CAP context indicators 2014-2020. Forest area including transitional woodland-shrub. Artifical*: Urban fabric; industrial, commercial and transport units; mine, dump and construction sites; artificial, non-agricultural vegetated areas.

3. RESULTS – OBJECTIVE "CREATING JOBS AND MAINTAINING COMPETITIVENESS"

- country specific social-economic and ecological settings are well reflected in the responses

Table 5. Results of the online-survey on existing and needed bioeconomy key indicators and related indicators, as well as their respective data availability, under the bioeconomy objective "Creating jobs and maintaining competitiveness".

| | | | | Demand | | Su | pply | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|--|---|---|---|----|---|---|----|
| | | | 짇 _ | at at | D. | vo. | | | 1.2. Value added (1000 EUR) | | | x | 10 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| Discourse have indicated and added in discourse idea | | - | eve. | | e e | Ę. | | | 1.2.1 Food sector | | | Х | 9 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| Bioeconomy key indicators and related indicators as iden- tified under the bioeconomy objective "Creating jobs and | ğ | at | nsv al l | nsv ede | NSN - | 5 | | | 1.2.1.1 Agriculture | | | х | 9 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| maintaining competitiveness" | <u>2</u> | Key indicator Related indicator | countries that answered luded" at national level | untries that answer uded, but needed" national level | that an eeded" | availability in countries | | | 1.2.1.2 Food industry | | | X | 9 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| mantaning competitiveness | Ē. | | | | | | | | 1.2.1.3 Aquaculture | | | X | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| | Key | ate | ë ië | ries ed, | tries ot n | 2 | | | 1.2.2 Bioeconomy goods | | | х | 6 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| | | Re | SUM countri "included" | SUM countries "not included," nation: | SUM countries "not ne | Data avail | | | 1.2.2.1 Forestry | | | х | 6 | 3 | 0 | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | 1.2.2.2 Wood products industry | | | х | 6 | 2 | 1 | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | 1.2.2.3 Pulp and paper industry | | | X | 4 | 4 | 1 | 4 |
| 1.1 Number of employed persons in rural and urban ar- | × | | ν 8 | ر در | υ 0 | - | 8 | | 1.2.2.4 Construction | | | X | 4 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| eas (1000 persons) | ^ | | | U | U | | ۰ | | 1.2.2.5 Chemical industry | | | х | 6 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| 1.1.1 Food sector | | х | 7 | 1 | 1 | | 8 | | 1.2.2.6 Pharmaceutical industry | | | X | 5 | 4 | 0 | 7 |
| 1.1.1.1 Agriculture | | × | 7 | 1 | 1 | | 1.3. | Cont | tribution to the GDP (%) | × | | 6 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 5 |
| 1.1.1.2 Food industry | | х | 8 | 1 | 1 | _ | | | od sector | | х | 7 | 2 | | | 4 |
| 1.1.1.3 Aquaculture | | х | 7 | 2 | 1 | | | | Agriculture | | X | 5 | 3 | | | 3 |
| 1.1.2 Bioeconomy goods | | х | 9 | 1 | 0 | | | | ood industry | | х | 6 | 2 | | | 2 |
| 1.1.2.1 Forestry | | × | 8 | 1 | 1 | | | | Aquaculture | | х | 6 | 2 | | 5 | 1 |
| 1.1.2.2 Wood products industry | | х | 6 | 3 | 1 | | | | peconomy goods | | х | 6 | 3 | | | 2 |
| 1.1.2.3 Pulp and paper industry | | х | 4 | 4 | 2 | _ | | | orestry | | х | 5 | 3 | | 5 | 3 |
| 1.1.2.4 Construction | | х | 5 | 2 | 3 | | | | Vood products industry | | X | 4 | 3 | | 4 | |
| 1.1.2.5 Chemical industry | | х | 6 | 3 | 1 | _ | | | Pulp and paper industry | | X | 5 | 3 | | 4 | 1 |
| 1.1.2.6 Pharmaceutical industry | | х | 5 | 4 | 1 | _ | | | Construction | | х | 2 | 3 | | 5 | 1 |
| 1.1.3 Renewable energy | | × | 4 | 5 | 0 | _ | | | Chemical industry | | х | 6 | 3 | | 5 | 1 |
| 1.1.4 Water purification and distribution | | х | 3 | 4 | 2 | _ | | | Pharmaceutical industry | | х | 5 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 1 |
| 1.1.5 Transportation of bio-based raw materials/products | | х | 1 | 6 | 3 | _ | | | newable energy | | х | 6 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| 1.1.6 Bioeconomy services | | х | 3 | 5 | 1 | | | | ater purification and distribution | | х | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
| 1.1.6.1 Nature tourism, green care and recreation | | X | 2 | 5 | 2 | _ | | | ansportation of bio-based raw materials/products | | X | 2 | 4 | | 3 | 1 |
| 1.1.6.2 Hunting | | х | 2 | 4 | 4 | _ | | | peconomy services | | x | 3 | 4 | | 1 | 1 |
| 1.1.6.3 Fisheries | | х | 4 | 3 | 2 | | | | Vature tourism, green care and recreation | | X | 1 | 3 | | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | x | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | _ | | isheries | | X | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

4. Discussion – most suitable identifed key indicators

| EU bioeconomy strategy objective | Identified most suitable key indicators | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Creating jobs and maintaining | Number of employed persons in rural and urban areas | | | | | | |
| competitiveness | Value added | | | | | | |
| | Contribution to the GDP | | | | | | |
| | Investment in research and innovation | | | | | | |
| | Exports | | | | | | |
| | + Import (identified by the correspondents after the online-survey) | | | | | | |
| Reducing dependence on non-renewable | Production of renewable energy and Production of biofuels and biogas combined | | | | | | |
| resources | Material and waste recycling and recovery rates | | | | | | |
| | Material replacing non-renewable resources | | | | | | |
| | Public financial support and private | | | | | | |
| | Investment in research and innovation | | | | | | |
| Mitigating and adapting climate change | Carbon sequestration | | | | | | |
| | Forest carbon emissions/sinks | | | | | | |
| | Greenhouse gas emissions from agriculture | | | | | | |
| | Water area carbon emissions/sinks | | | | | | |
| | Public financial support and private investments | | | | | | |
| | Investment in research and innovation | | | | | | |
| Ensuring food security | Domestic food supply of food commodities in terms of production, import/ sto | | | | | | |
| | change | | | | | | |
| | Agricultural products | | | | | | |
| | Fish products | | | | | | |
| | Non-wood forest products | | | | | | |
| | New food products | | | | | | |
| | Public financial support and private | | | | | | |
| | Investment in research and innovation | | | | | | |
| Managing natural resources sustainably | Land cover | | | | | | |
| | Resource availability | | | | | | |
| | Sustainable resource use | | | | | | |
| | Environmental protection | | | | | | |
| | Public financial support and private investments for ecosystem services | | | | | | |
| | + Investment in research and innovation | | | | | | |
| | (identified by the correspondents after the online-survey) | | | | | | |

5. CONCLUSION

- identified most suitable bioeconomy key indicators important and feasible at the national context, can <u>contribute to the further discussions when setting the frame for</u> <u>the development of a common EU bioeconomy monitoring system</u>
 - regional context as next step
- to reach consistent and comparable country (regions) results across all EU MS,
 <u>standardized statistical sources need to be utilized</u> when reporting data under the most suitable key indicators and related indicators
- the proposed indicator set needs to be further developed, <u>including several rounds of</u> <u>testing their feasibility</u>
- to <u>avoid an overlapping</u> in the development of bioeconomy monitoring ,co-operation is needed between EU MS and actors active in this field, such as the EC, Eurostat, FAO, FOREST EUROPE, and the JRC Knowledge Centre Bioeconomy

Kiitos! Grazie!